

Prepared for the City of Glen Eira

GLEN EIRA NEIGHBOURHOOD CHARACTER ASSESSMENT AND FUTURE CHARACTER FRAMEWORK



TABLE OF CONTENTS

2	OVERVIEW				
	1.1	INTRODUCTION	04		
	FUTURE CHARACTER & BUILT FORM PRECINCTS				
	2.1	OVERVIEW	06		
	2.2	SUMMARY TABLE OF FUTURE CHARACTER AND BUILT FORM PRECINCTS	11		
3	PREFERRED CHARACTER / BUILT FORM / DESIGN STATEMENTS				
	3.1	A: GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	14		
	3.2	B: INNER URBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	16		
	3.3	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	18		
	3.4	D: INNER URBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	20		
	3.5	e: contemporary suburban - incremental change area 2	22		
	3.6	f: urban contemporary (3 storeys) - substantial change area 1	24		
	3.7	G: URBAN CONTEMPORARY (4 STOREYS) - SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE AREA 2	26		
APPEN	ADIX A	preferred character statements comparison table	28		

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Volume 2 identifies the future character and built form precincts across the residential areas of Glen Eira and outlines the preferred character for each precinct.

The preferred character / built form / design statements have been developed with consideration of the existing character of Glen Eira outlined in Volume 1 and the Glen Eira Housing Strategy, which identifies future levels of housing change across the Municipality to meet future housing needs. Refer to Figure 1 which provides an overview of the study and relationship to the Housing Strategy.

The Housing Strategy identifies five categories of change for existing residential areas. These range from 'minimal change' where heritage overlays and neighbourhood character overlays apply and the existing character will be largely maintained through to 'substantial change' areas located around activity centres and main roads areas where new housing and streets will look substantially different to what exists now.

The preferred character / built form / design statements outline a vision and design guidance to ensure the desired character for each area is achieved whilst delivering the identified housing change.

The statements identify the character elements that are important and should be maintained through future development, and provide guidance on how new development can achieve the future preferred character.

For the minimal and incremental change areas, the statements aim for new development to reflect the traditional garden suburban and inner urban character that exists across the municipality. This is generally characterised by low scale dwellings of up to 2 storeys that are set within landscaped gardens with front, side and rear setbacks.

For the substantial change areas, it is anticipated that more intensive apartment and townhouse development will occur ranging between three and four storeys. For these areas the existing spacious character will change to support the more intensive development.

Across all statements, landscaping and canopy trees are identified as important elements. This will ensure new development contributes to the greening of residential streets and maintains a connection to the garden suburban character that applies to the majority of Glen Eira.

Preferred character / built form / design statements have been developed for the following character and built form precincts across Glen Eira:

- A: Garden Suburban Minimal Change Area
- B: Inner Urban Minimal Change Area
- C: Garden Suburban -Incremental Change Area 1
- D: Inner Urban Incremental Change Area 1
- E: Contemporary Garden
 Suburban Incremental Change
 Area 2
- F: Urban Contemporary (3 storeys) - Substantial Change Area 1
- G: Urban Contemporary (4 storeys) - Substantial Change Area 2

Figures 2 to 6 identify where these statements apply across Glen Eira.

The statements should be read in conjunction with the assessment of each character area outlined in Volume 1. This provides specific details around the key characteristics of each character area.

Volume 1 - Part A & B

Existing Character & Built form Assessment

- NRZ and GRZ areas 16 character areas
- Residential areas surrounding the Major Activity Centres
- Housing Opportunity Investigation Areas

Glen Eira Housing Strategy

Housing levels of change for residential areas:

- Minimal Change Area
- Incremental Change Area 1
- Incremental Change Area 2
- Substantial Change Area 1
- Substantial Change Area 2

Figure 1. Study Overview

Volume 2

Future Character and Built Form Precincts

Preferred character / built form / design statements for seven future character and built form precincts across the residential areas of Glen Eira:

- A: Garden Suburban Minimal Change Area
- B: Inner Urban Minimal Change Area
- C: Garden Suburban Incremental Change Area 1
- D: Inner Urban Incremental Change Area 1
- E: Contemporary Garden Suburban Incremental Change Area 2
- F: Urban Contemporary (3 storeys) Substantial Change Area 1
- G: Urban Contemporary (4 storeys) Substantial Change Area 2

2 FUTURE CHARACTER & BUILT FORM PRECINCTS

2.1 OVERVIEW

Figures 2 to 6 identify the Future Character and Built Form Precincts across the residential areas of Glen Eira. Refer to Table 1 for additional details on the relevant statement and reference to the relevant sections of the neighbourhood character assessment in Volume 1.

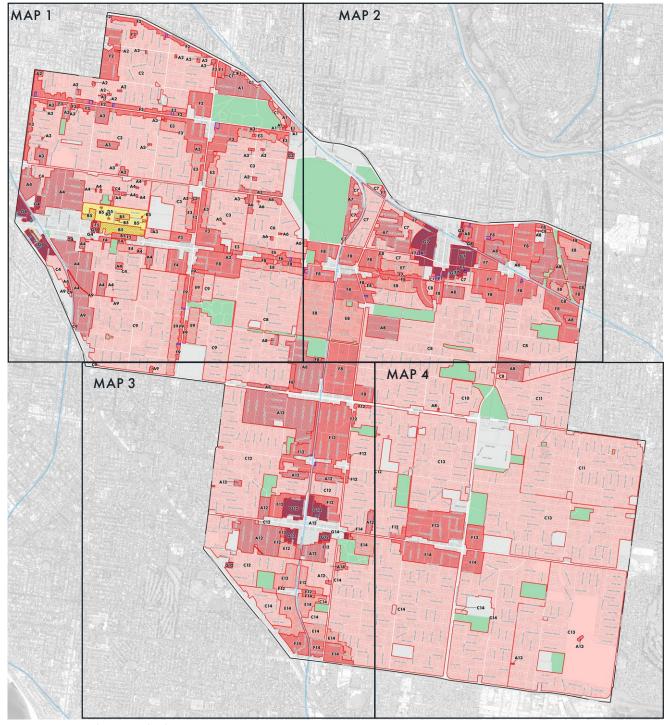
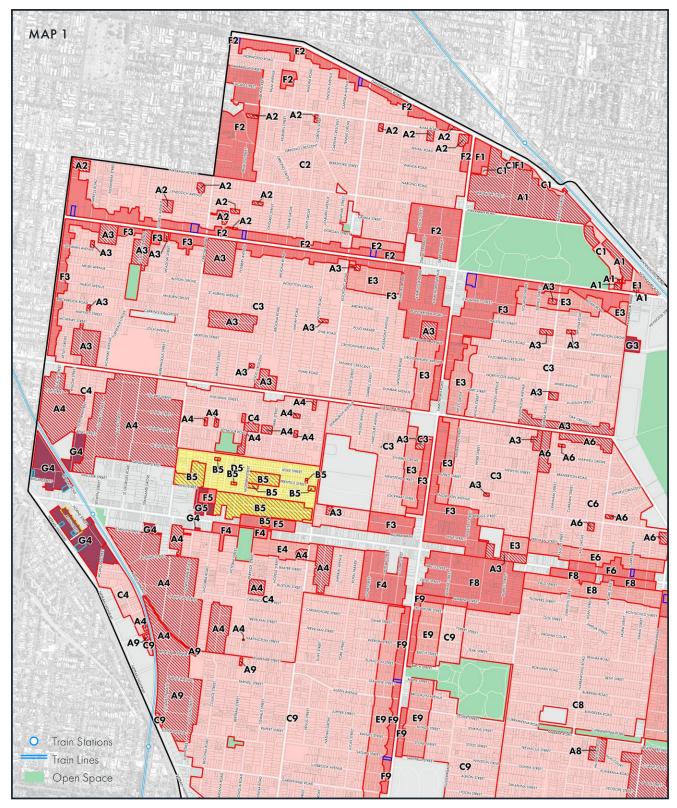


Figure 2. Future Character and Built Form Precincts - Key Map



Future Character and Built Form Precincts - Map 1 Figure 3.

- A: Garden Suburban Minimal Change Area (max. 2 storeys)
- B: Inner Urban Minimal Change Area (max. 2 storeys)
- C: Garden Suburban Incremental Change Area 1 (max. 2 storeys)
- D5 D: Inner Urban Incremental Change Area 1 (max. 2 storeys)
- E: Contemporary Garden Suburban Incremental Change Area 2 (max. 2 storeys)
- F: Urban Contemporary Substantial Change Area 1 (max. 3 storeys)
- G: Urban Contemporary Substantial Change Area 2 (max. 4 storeys)

 - Heritage Overlay Properties within Substantial Change Area 1
- Heritage Overlay Properties within Substantial Change Area 2
- RGZ/C1Z Interface Further analysis required

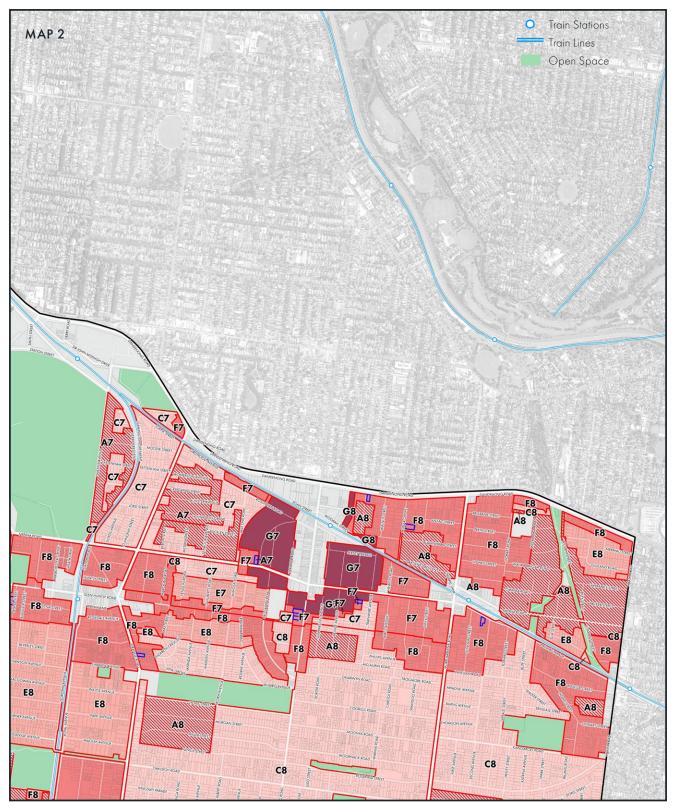
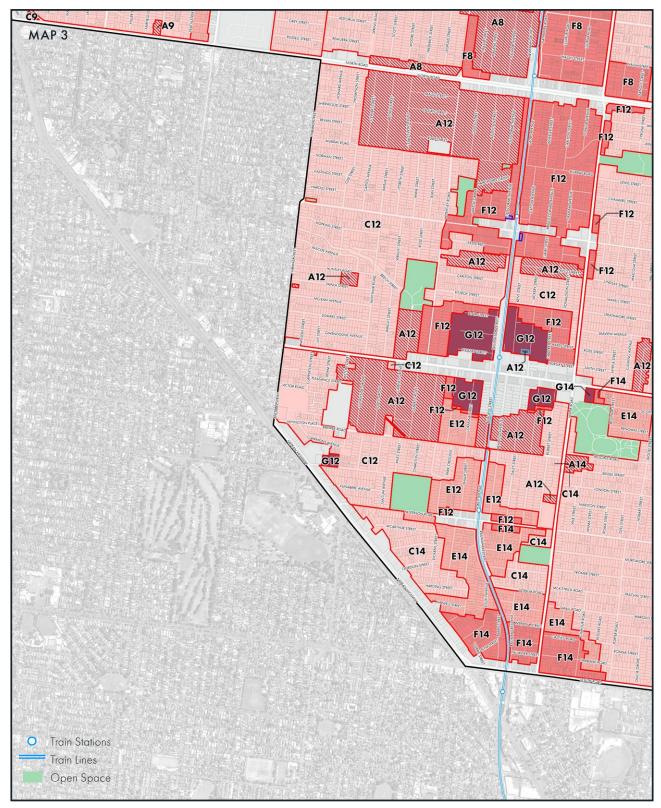


Figure 4. Future Character and Built Form Precincts - Map 2

- A: Garden Suburban Minimal Change Area (max. 2 storeys)
- B: Inner Urban Minimal Change Area (max. 2 storeys)
- C: Garden Suburban Incremental Change Area 1 (max. 2 storeys)
- D5 D: Inner Urban Incremental Change Area 1 (max. 2 storeys)
- E: Contemporary Garden Suburban Incremental Change Area 2 (max. 2 storeys)
- F: Urban Contemporary Substantial Change Area 1 (max. 3 storeys)
- G: Urban Contemporary Substantial Change Area 2 (max. 4 storeys)

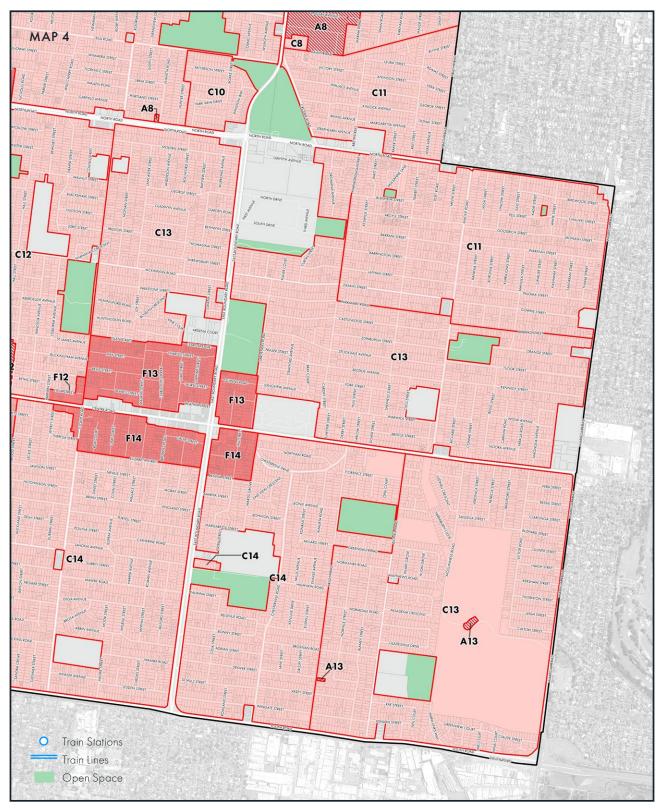
 - Heritage Overlay Properties within Substantial Change Area 1
 - Heritage Overlay Properties within Substantial Change Area 2
- RGZ/C1Z Interface Further analysis required



Future Character and Built Form Precincts - Map 3 Figure 5.

- A: Garden Suburban Minimal Change Area (max. 2 storeys)
- B: Inner Urban Minimal Change Area (max. 2 storeys)
- ci C: Garden Suburban Incremental Change Area 1 (max. 2 storeys)
- D5 D: Inner Urban Incremental Change Area 1 (max. 2 storeys)
- E: Contemporary Garden Suburban Incremental Change Area 2 (max. 2 storeys)
- F: Urban Contemporary Substantial Change Area 1 (max. 3 storeys)
- G: Urban Contemporary Substantial Change Area 2 (max. 4 storeys)

 - Heritage Overlay Properties within Substantial Change Area 1
 - Heritage Overlay Properties within Substantial Change Area 2
- RGZ/C1Z Interface Further analysis required



Future Character and Built Form Precincts - Map 4 Figure 6.

- A: Garden Suburban Minimal Change Area (max. 2 storeys)
- B: Inner Urban Minimal Change Area (max. 2 storeys)
- C: Garden Suburban Incremental Change Area 1 (max. 2 storeys)
- D5 D: Inner Urban Incremental Change Area 1 (max. 2 storeys)
- E: Contemporary Garden Suburban Incremental Change Area 2 (max. 2 storeys)
- F: Urban Contemporary Substantial Change Area 1 (max. 3 storeys)
- G: Urban Contemporary Substantial Change Area 2 (max. 4 storeys)
 - Heritage Overlay Properties within Substantial Change Area 1
 - Heritage Overlay Properties within Substantial Change Area 2
- RGZ/C1Z Interface Further analysis required

2.2 SUMMARY TABLE OF FUTURE CHARACTER AND BUILT FORM PRECINCTS

Table 1 provides details for each Future Character and Built Form Precincts including which Preferred Character Statement applies and the relevant reference to the Volume 1 assessment.

FUTURE CHARACTER & BUILT FORM PRECINCT	PREFERRED CHARACTER / BUILT FORM / DESIGN STATEMENT	VOLUME 1 - REVISED NEIGHBOURHOOD CHARACTER AREA	VOLUME 1 - PAGE REFERENCE FOR RELEVANT ASSESSMENT
A1	A: GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	1	31
A2	A: GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	2	31 & 40
A3	A: GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	3	48
A4	A: GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	4	60
A6	A: GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	6	74
A7	A: GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	7	82
A8	A: GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	8	90
A9	A: GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	9	107 & 115
A12	A: GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	12	135
A13	A: GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	13	144 & 160
A14	A: GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	14	150
B5	B: INNER URBAN - GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA	5	68
C1	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	1	31
C2	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	2	31 & 40
C3	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	3	48
C4	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	4	60
C6	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	6	74
C7	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	7	82
C8	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	8	90
C9	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	9	107 & 115
C10	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	10	123
C11	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	11	129
C12	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	12	135
C13	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	13	144 & 160
C14	C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	14	150
D5	D: INNER URBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1	5	64

 Table 1.
 Summary Table of Future Character and Built Form Precincts

FUTURE CHARACTER & BUILT FORM PRECINCT	PREFERRED CHARACTER / BUILT FORM / DESIGN STATEMENT	VOLUME 1 - REVISED NEIGHBOURHOOD CHARACTER AREA	VOLUME 1 - PAGE REFERENCE FOR RELEVANT ASSESSMENT
E1	E: CONTEMPORARY SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 2	1	31
E2	E: CONTEMPORARY SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 2	2	31 & 40
E3	E: CONTEMPORARY SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 2	3	48
E4	E: CONTEMPORARY SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 2	4	60
E6	E: CONTEMPORARY SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 2	6	74
E7	E: CONTEMPORARY SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 2	7	82
E8	E: CONTEMPORARY SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 2	8	90
E9	E: CONTEMPORARY SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 2	9	107 & 115
E12	E: CONTEMPORARY SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 2	12	135
E14	E: CONTEMPORARY SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 2	14	150
F1	f: urban contemporary (3 storeys) - substantial change area 1	1	31
F2	f: urban contemporary (3 storeys) - substantial change area 1	2	31 & 40
F3	f: urban contemporary (3 storeys) - substantial change area 1	3	48
F4	f: urban contemporary (3 storeys) - substantial change area 1	4	60
F5	f: urban contemporary (3 storeys) - substantial change area 1	5	68
F6	f: urban contemporary (3 storeys) - substantial change area 1	6	74
F7	f: urban contemporary (3 storeys) - substantial change area 1	7	82
F8	f: urban contemporary (3 storeys) - substantial change area 1	8	90
F9	f: urban contemporary (3 storeys) - substantial change area 1	9	107 & 115
F12	f: urban contemporary (3 storeys) - substantial change area 1	12	135
F13	f: urban contemporary (3 storeys) - substantial change area 1	13	144 & 160
F14	f: urban contemporary (3 storeys) - substantial change area 1	14	150
G3	G: URBAN CONTEMPORARY (4 STOREYS) - SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE AREA 2	3	48
G4	G: URBAN CONTEMPORARY (4 STOREYS) - SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE AREA 2	4	60
G5	G: URBAN CONTEMPORARY (4 STOREYS) - SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE AREA 2	5	68
G7	G: URBAN CONTEMPORARY (4 STOREYS) - SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE AREA 2	7	82
G8	G: URBAN CONTEMPORARY (4 STOREYS) - SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE AREA 2	8	90
G12	G: URBAN CONTEMPORARY (4 STOREYS) - SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE AREA 2	12	135
G14	G: URBAN CONTEMPORARY (4 STOREYS) - SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE AREA 2	14	150

 Table 1.
 Summary Table of Future Character and Built Form Precincts (continued)



3 PREFERRED CHARACTER / BUILT FORM / DESIGN STATEMENTS

The following preferred character / built form / design statements apply to residential areas across Glen Eira. Figures 3-6, Figures 7-13 and Table 1 identify where each preferred character statement applies.

The statement should be read in conjunction with relevant assessment contained in Volume 1.

3.1 A: GARDEN SUBURBAN - MINIMAL CHANGE AREA

The streetscapes of Garden
Suburban - Minimal Change Areas
have a spacious and leafy feel.
Front and rear gardens containing
canopy trees, shrubs and garden
beds have a strong presence and
are visible through low to medium
height front fencing and regular
breaks between buildings. Original
dwellings feature prominently within
streets and are complemented by
new, contemporary style dwellings
and residential buildings that
respond to the predominant form,
scale and siting.

The key character elements of the Garden Suburban - Minimal Change Areas are:

- Building heights up to two storeys.
- A strong presence of original dwellings.
- Large front and rear setbacks with established gardens.
- Canopy trees within gardens that extend above the height of the buildings.
- Regular breaks between dwellings providing for a consistent rhythm and allowing views into rear gardens.
- Low to medium height front fencing.
- Low scale dwellings with articulated facades.

Redevelopment of properties and modification of buildings will integrate with existing streetscapes by:

Character Element Description

Front setbacks	Observing the existing pattern of front setbacks.
Setbacks (other)	 Providing a setback to at least one side boundary to maintain breaks between buildings and views to rear gardens.
Forms	 Creatively responding to the building forms, proportions and rhythm of Heritage Overlay places or architectural styles identified by a Neighbourhood Character Overlay.
	 Designing garages and carports to be set behind the buildings and integrated into the overall building design.
Articulation and materials	 Using materials and colours that respect the identified heritage values of an area, or the character elements identified by a Neighbourhood Character Overlay.
	 Providing front building façades that are articulated, well-proportioned, and respect the identified heritage values of an area, or the character elements identified by a Neighbourhood Character Overlay.
Front fencing	 Responding to the predominant style and height of front fencing within the streetscape.
Landscaping and canopy trees	 Retaining existing canopy trees and providing sufficient space for the planting of new canopy trees that will extend beyond the height of buildings.
·	

A: Garden Suburban - Minimal Change Area applies to Precincts A1, A2, A3, A4, A6, A7, A8, A9, A12, A13 and A14.

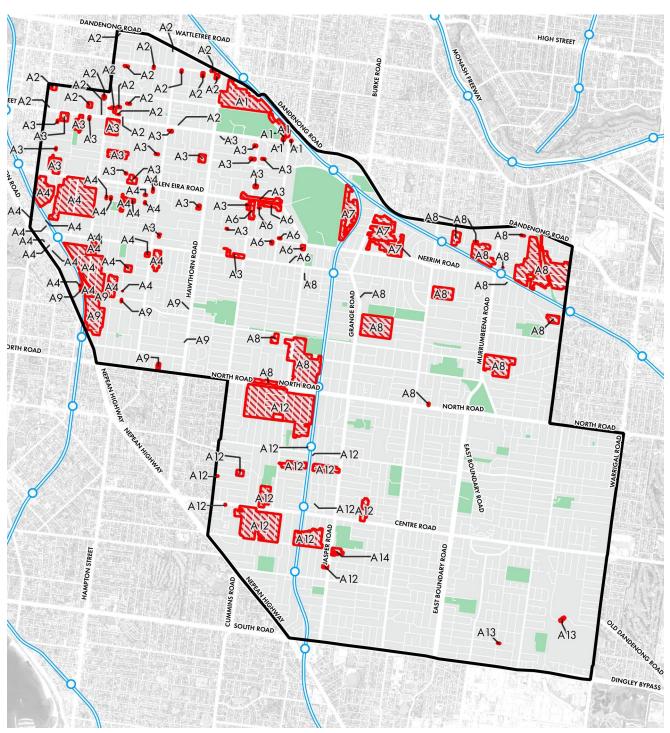


Figure 7. A: Garden Suburban Minimal Change Area - Precincts

O Train Stations

Train Lines

Open Space

A: Garden Suburban - Minimal Change Area - Precincts

3.2 B: INNER URBAN -MINIMAL CHANGE AREA

The streetscapes of Inner Urban - Minimal Change Areas have a compact but leafy feel. Small front gardens containing trees, shrubs and garden beds have a strong presence and are visible through low to medium front fencing. Original dwellings feature prominently within streets and are complemented by new, contemporary style dwellings and residential buildings that respond to the predominant form, scale and siting.

The key character elements of the Inner Urban - Minimal Change Areas are:

- Building heights up to two storeys.
- A strong presence of original dwellings.
- Compact front setbacks with established gardens.
- Small trees within gardens.
- Small breaks between dwellings providing for a consistent rhythm and allowing views into rear gardens.
- Consistent low to medium height front fencing.
- Low, scale dwellings with narrow frontages.

Redevelopment of properties and modification of buildings will

Redevelopment of properties and modification of buildings will integrate with existing streetscapes by:

Character Element Description

Observing the existing pattern of front setbacks.
 Providing a setback to at least one side boundary to maintain breaks between buildings.
 Providing zero side setbacks in locations where this is an existing characteristic in the area.
Creatively responding to the building forms, proportions and rhythm of Heritage Overlay places or architectural styles identified by a Neighbourhood Character Overlay, including the design of garages and car parking.
Using materials and colours that respect the identified heritage values of an area, or the character elements identified by a Neighbourhood Character Overlay.
 Providing front building façades that are articulated, well-proportioned, and respect the identified heritage values of an area, or the character elements identified by a Neighbourhood Character Overlay.
Responding to the predominant style and height of front fencing within the streetscape.
Retaining existing canopy trees and providing sufficient space in front setbacks for the planting of small trees.

to Precinct B5.

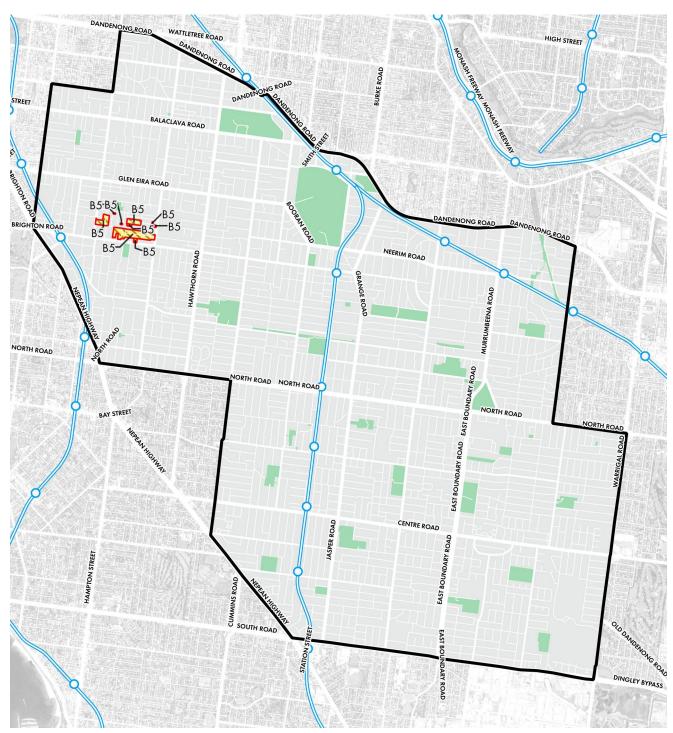


Figure 8. B: Inner Urban - Minimal Change Area - Precinct

- O Train Stations
- Train Lines
- Open Space
- B: Inner Urban Minimal Change Area Precinct

3.3 C: GARDEN SUBURBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1

The streetscapes of Garden Suburban - Incremental Change Area 1 have a spacious and leafy feel. Front and rear gardens containing canopy trees, shrubs and garden beds have a strong presence and are visible through low to medium height front fencing and breaks between buildings. New development is provided through contemporary style single dwellings, units, townhouses and residential buildings which integrate with existing dwellings by responding to the predominant forms, scale and siting.

The key character elements of the Garden Suburban Character - Incremental Change Area 1 are:

- Building heights up to two storeys.
- Generous front and rear setbacks with established gardens.
- Canopy trees within gardens that extend above the height of the buildings.
- Visual separation between dwellings allowing views into rear gardens.
- Low to medium height front fencing.
- Low scale dwellings with articulated facades.

Redevelopment of properties and modification of buildings will integrate with existing streetscapes by:

Character Element Description

Front setbacks	Observing the existing pattern of front setbacks.
Setbacks (other)	Providing a setback of a minimum of four metres from the rear boundary to facilitate space for gardens and space between dwellings.
	 Providing a setback to at least one side boundary to maintain breaks between buildings and views to rear gardens.
Forms	 Creatively responding to the building forms, proportions and rhythm of existing dwellings in the street.
	 Designing garages and carports to be set behind the buildings and integrated into the overall building design.
Articulation and materials	 Using a mix of materials and colours that help new buildings to integrate with the style of buildings in the street.
	 Providing front building façades that are articulated, well-proportioned, and respond to the style of buildings in the street.
Front fencing	 Responding to the predominant style and height of front fencing within the streetscape.
Landscaping and canopy trees	 Retaining existing canopy trees and providing sufficient space within front and rear gardens for the planting of new medium or large-sized canopy trees.

C: Garden Suburban - Incremental Change Area applies to Precincts C1, C2, C3, C4,C6, C7, C8, C9, C10, C11, C12, C13 and C14.

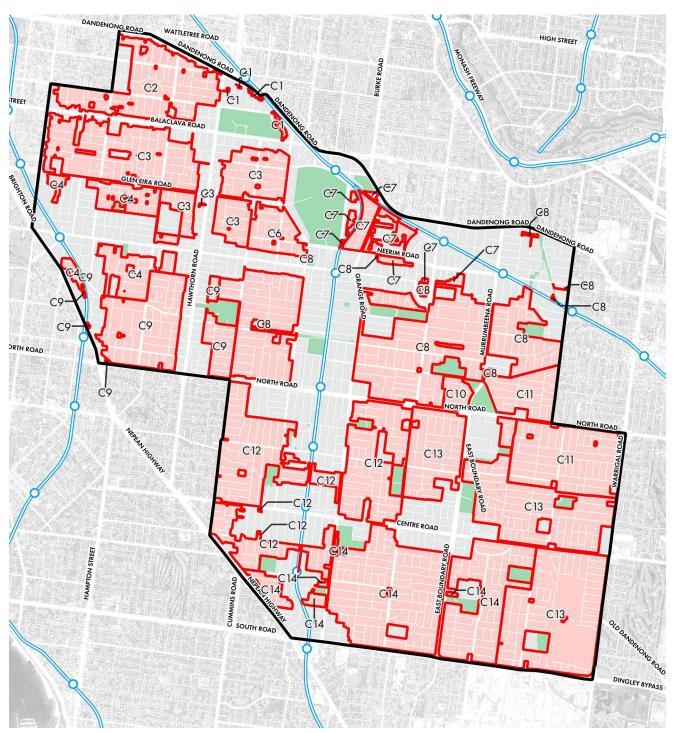


Figure 9. Garden Suburban - Incremental Change Area 1

- Train Stations
- Train Lines
- Open Space
- C: Garden Suburban Incremental Change Area 1 Precincts

3.4 D: INNER URBAN - INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 1

The streetscapes of Inner Urban - Incremental Change Area 1 have a compact but leafy feel. Small front gardens containing trees, shrubs and garden beds have a strong presence and are visible through low to medium front fencing. New development is provided through contemporary style single dwellings, units, townhouses and residential buildings which integrate with existing dwellings by responding to the predominant forms, scale and siting.

The key character elements of the Inner Urban - Incremental Change Area 1 are:

- Building heights up to two storeys.
- Compact front setbacks with established gardens.
- Small trees within gardens.
- Small breaks between dwellings providing for a consistent rhythm and allowing views into rear gardens.
- Consistent low to medium height front fencing.
- Low, scale dwellings with narrow frontages.

Redevelopment of properties and modification of buildings will integrate with existing streetscapes by:

Character Element Description

Front setbacks	 Observing the existing pattern of front setbacks.
Setbacks (other)	 Providing a setback of a minimum of four metres from the rear boundary to facilitate space for gardens and space between dwellings.
	 Providing a setback to at least one side boundary to maintain breaks between buildings.
	 Providing zero side setbacks in locations where this is an existing characteristic in the area.
Forms	 Creatively responding to the building forms, proportions and rhythm of existing dwellings in the street, including the design of garages and car parking.
Articulation and materials	 Using a mix of materials and colours that help new buildings to integrate with the style of buildings in the street.
	 Providing front building façades that are articulated, well-proportioned, and respond to the style of buildings in the street.
Front fencing	 Responding to the predominant style and height of front fencing within the streetscape.
Landscaping and canopy trees	 Retaining existing trees and providing sufficient space within front gardens for the planting of small trees.

D: Inner Urban - Incremental Change Area 1 applies to Precinct D5.

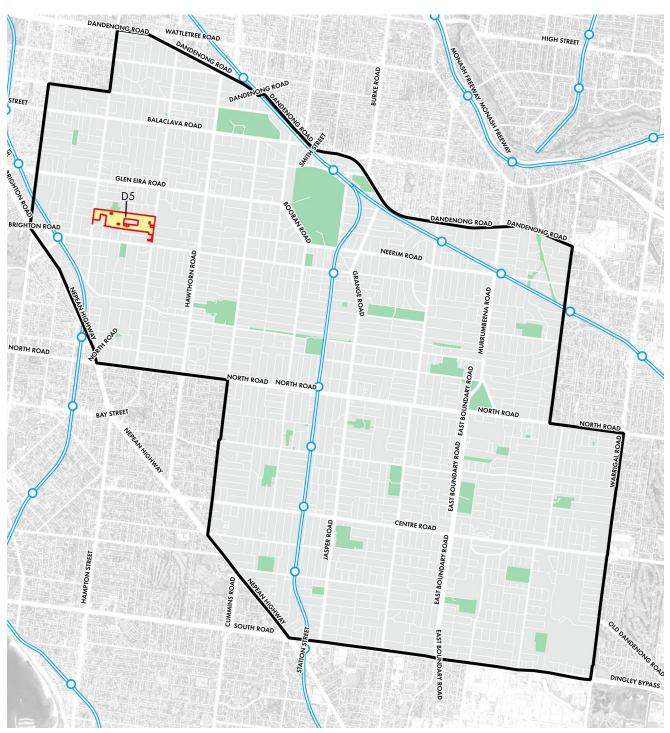


Figure 10. D: Inner Urban - Incremental Change Area 1 - Precincts

- O Train Stations
- Train Lines
- Open Space
- D: Inner Urban Incremental Change Area 1 Precincts

3.5 E: CONTEMPORARY SUBURBAN -INCREMENTAL CHANGE AREA 2

The streetscapes of Contemporary Suburban - Incremental Change Area 2 have a spacious and leafy feel. Front gardens containing canopy trees, shrubs and garden beds have a strong presence and are visible through low to medium front fencing. New development is provided through contemporary style single dwellings, units, townhouses and residential buildings which integrate with existing dwellings by responding to the predominant forms, scale and front setbacks.

The key character elements of the Contemporary Suburban -Incremental Change Area 2 are:

- Building heights up to two storeys.
- Low-rise multi-unit/villa/ townhouses and residential buildings.
- Generous front setbacks with established gardens.
- Canopy trees within gardens that extend above the height of the buildings.
- Visual separation between dwellings.
- Low scale dwellings with articulated facades.

Redevelopment of properties and modification of buildings will integrate with existing streetscapes by:

Character Element Description

Front setbacks	 Observing the existing pattern of front setbacks.
Setbacks (other)	 Providing a setback to at least one side boundary to maintain breaks between buildings and views to rear gardens.
Forms	 Creatively responding to the forms and proportions of buildings in the street.
	 Designing garages and carports to be set behind the buildings and integrated into the overall building design.
Articulation and materials	 Using a mix of materials and colours that help new buildings to integrate with the style of buildings in the street.
	 Providing front building façades that are articulated, well-proportioned, and respond to the style of buildings in the street.
Front fencing	Responding to the predominant style and height of front fencing within the streetscape.
	 For developments where private open space must be located within the front setback, designing front fencing and landscaping to balance privacy with contribution to the streetscape.
Landscaping and canopy trees	Retaining existing canopy trees and providing sufficient space within front gardens for the planting of new medium or large-sized canopy trees.
	 Providing opportunities for landscaping and small canopy trees within side setbacks and rear gardens.

E: Contemporary Suburban - Incremental Change Area 2 applies to Precincts E1, E2, E3, E4, E6, E7, E8, E9, E12 and E14.

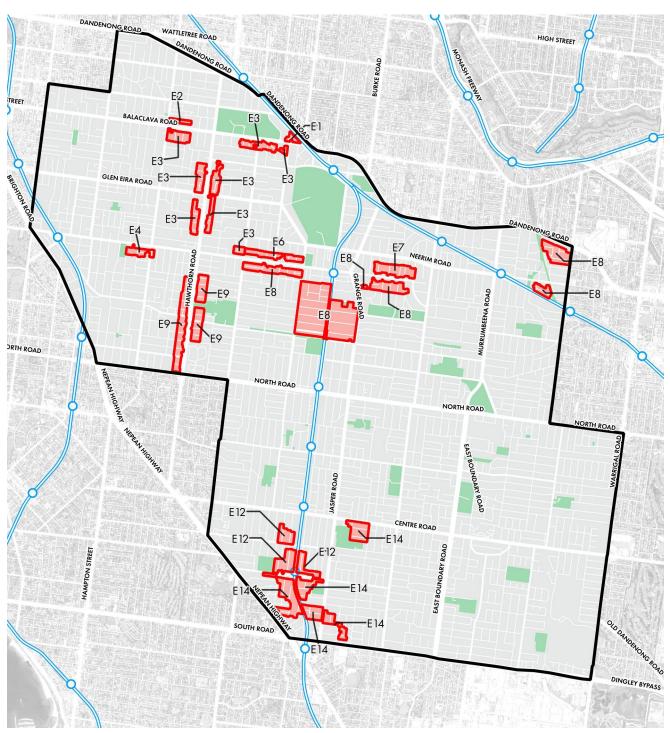


Figure 11. E: Contemporary Suburban - Incremental Change Area 2 - Precincts

- Train Stations
- Train Lines
- Open Space
- E: Contemporary Suburban Incremental Change Area 2 Precincts

3.6 F: URBAN CONTEMPORARY (3 STOREYS) SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE AREA 1

The streetscapes of Urban Contemporary (3 storeys) -Substantial Change Area 1 have a contemporary landscaped feel, accommodating contemporary style units, townhouses and apartments. Front gardens containing canopy trees, shrubs and garden beds have a strong presence and are visible through low to medium height front fencing. New development is designed with a high level of articulation to reduce visual bulk and integrate with existing dwellings.

The built form and design elements of the Urban Contemporary (3 storeys) -Substantial Change Area 1 are:

- Units, townhouses and apartments of up to three storeys.
- Landscaped front setbacks with gardens.
- Canopy trees within front gardens that extend to at least the height of dwellings.
- Visual separation between buildings.
- High quality architecture that enhances key road corridors and activity centres.

F: Urban Contemporary (3_storeys) - Substantial Change Area 1 applies to Precincts F1, F2, F3, F4, F5, F6, F7, F8, F9, F12, F13 and F14. Redevelopment of properties and modification of buildings will integrate with existing streetscapes by:

Built Form / Description Design Element

Front setbacks

- Providing front setbacks no greater than 6 metres and no less than 4.5 metres, that:
 - Allow for higher densities than existing development
 - Integrate well with the existing pattern of development in the street and provide opportunities for landscaping and the planting of canopy trees that will grow approximately as high as the buildings.
- For secondary street frontages, setbacks may be further reduced.

Setbacks (other)

- Providing a setback to at least one side boundary to maintain breaks between buildings on abutting lots.
- Co-locating side setbacks between sites, to facilitate relief between buildings with larger footprints and provide opportunities for landscaping.

Forms

- Utilising modulation to delineate individual dwellings and break up wider building forms.
- Designing garages and carports to be set behind the buildings and integrated into the overall building design.
- Minimising the size of basement car park entries and car parking areas to reduce impacts on street tree planting and footpaths, and maximise opportunities for landscaping within front setbacks.
- Creatively screening and integrating services and infrastructure into the building design.

Articulation and materials

- Providing building façades that are well-articulated through the considered design of openings, balconies, varied materials, colours, and recessed and projected elements
- For upper level dwellings, providing living room windows and/or a balcony off a living room that allow for passive surveillance of the street.

Front fencing

 For developments where private open space must be located within the front setback, designing front fencing and landscaping to balance privacy with contribution to the streetscape.

Landscaping and canopy trees

- Retaining existing canopy trees within front setbacks where practical, and providing sufficient space within front gardens for the planting of new medium-sized canopy trees that will extend as high as the buildings.
- Providing opportunities for landscaping and canopy trees within side setbacks and rear gardens where practical.
- Utilising green roofs, walls and balconies to provide additional landscaping and soften the visual impact of larger buildings.

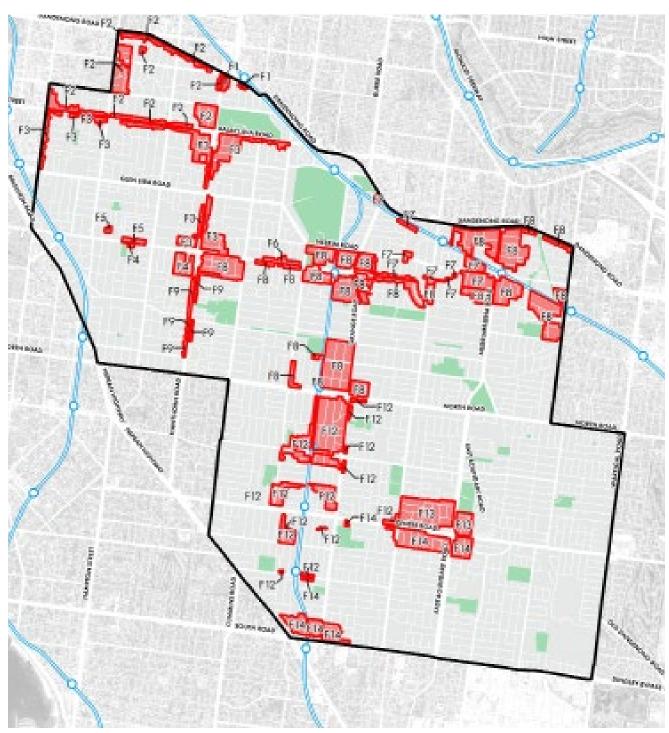


Figure 12. F: Urban Contemporary (3 storeys) - Substantial Change Area 1 - Precincts

- Train Stations
- Train Lines
- Open Space
- F: Urban Contemporary (3 storeys) Substantial Change Area 1 Precincts
- Heritage Overlay Properties within Substantial Change Area 1

3.7 G: URBAN CONTEMPORARY (4 STOREYS) SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE AREA 2

The streetscapes of Urban Contemporary (4 storeys) - Substantial Change Area 2 have a landscaped urban feel with high quality apartment buildings having a strong presence. Front gardens provide for canopy trees, shrubs and garden beds which soften the impact of the buildings and provide greening in the streetscape. New development is designed with a high level of articulation to reduce visual bulk and integrate with existing dwellings.

The built form and design elements of the Urban Contemporary (4 storeys) -Substantial Change Area 2 are:

- Townhouses and apartments of up to four storeys.
- Compact front setbacks with landscaping.
- Canopy trees within front gardens that extend to at least the height of dwellings.
- Visual separation between buildings
- High quality architecture that enhances the activity centres.

G: Urban Contemporary (4 storeys) - Substantial Change Area 2 applies to Precincts G3, G4, G5, G7, G8, G12 and G14.

Redevelopment of properties and modification of buildings will integrate with existing streetscapes by:

Built Form / Design Element

Description

Front setbacks

- Providing front setbacks no greater than 5 metres and no less than 4 metres, that:
 - Allow for higher densities and for new development to establish a more intense built form than existing lower-density development
 - Allow for the planting of canopy trees that will extend approximately as high as the buildings.
- For secondary street frontages, setbacks may be further reduced.

Setbacks (other)

- Providing a setback to at least one side boundary to maintain breaks between buildings on abutting lots.
- Co-locating side setbacks between sites, to facilitate relief between buildings with larger footprints and provide opportunities for landscaping.

Forms

- Utilising modulation to delineate individual dwellings and break up wider building forms.
- Designing garages and carports to be set behind the buildings and integrated into the overall building design.
- Minimising the size of basement car park entries and on-site car parking areas to reduce impacts on street tree planting and footpaths, and maximise opportunities for landscaping within front setbacks.
- Creatively screening and integrating services and infrastructure into the building design.

Articulation and materials

- Providing building façades that are well-articulated through the considered design of openings, balconies, varied materials, colours, and recessed and projected elements.
- For upper level dwellings, providing living room windows and/or a balcony off a living room that allows for passive surveillance of the street.

Front fencing

 For developments where private open space must be located within the front setback, designing front fencing and landscaping to balance privacy with contribution to the streetscape.

Landscaping and canopy trees

- Retaining existing canopy trees within front setbacks where practical, and providing sufficient space within front gardens for the planting of new medium-sized canopy trees that will extend as high as the buildings.
- Providing opportunities for landscaping and canopy trees within side setbacks and rear gardens where practical.
- Utilising green roofs, walls and balconies to provide additional landscaping and soften the visual impact of larger buildings.

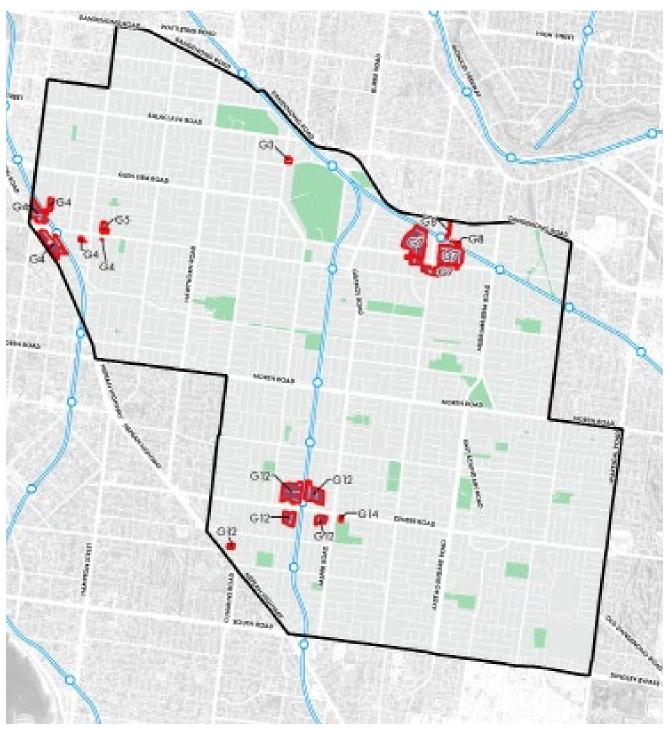


Figure 13. G: Urban Contemporary (4 storeys) - Substantial Change Area 1 - Precincts

- Train Stations
- Train Lines
- Open Space
- G: Urban Contemporary (4 storeys) Substantial Change Area 2 Precincts
- Heritage Overlay Properties within Substantial Change Area 2

APPENDIX A PREFERRED CHARACTER STATEMENTS COMPARISON TABLE

Character Element (for A-E) or Built Form / Design Element (for F & G)	A: Garden Suburban – Minimal Change Area	B: Inner Urban – Minimal Change Area	C: Garden Suburban – Incremental Change Area 1	D: Inner Urban – Incremental Change Area 1	E: Contemporary Garden Suburban – Incremental Change Area 2	F: Urban Contemporary (3 storeys) – Substantial Change Area 1	G: Urban Contemporary (4 storeys) – Substantial Change Area 2
1 4 0 7	NRZ	NRZ	NRZ	NRZ	NRZ	GRZ	RGZ
Building Heights			 Up to 2 storeys 			• Up to 3 storeys	• Up to 4 storeys
Front setbacks		• Obse	erving the existing pattern of front s	setbacks.		Providing front setbacks no greater than 6 metres and no less than 4.5 metres, that:	Providing front setbacks no greater than 5 metres and no less than 4 metres, that:
						Allow for higher densities than existing development	Allow for higher densities and for new development to establish a more
	Integrate well was the existing path development in street and provious opportunities for landscaping an planting of came trees that will grapproximately of as the building of as the building of the fortiges, serbacks may be forther reduced.						to establish a more intense built form than existing lower-density development • Allow for the planting of canopy trees that will extend approximately as high as the buildings. • For secondary street frontages, setbacks may be further reduced.
Setbacks (other)	Providing a setback to at least one side boundary to maintain breaks between buildings and views to rear gardens.	Providing a setback to at least one side boundary to maintain breaks between buildings. Providing zero side setbacks in locations where this is an existing characteristic in the area.	Providing a setback of a minimum of four metres from the rear boundary to facilitate space for gardens and space between dwellings. Providing a setback to at least one side boundary to maintain breaks between buildings and views to rear gardens.	 Providing a setback of a minimum of four metres from the rear boundary to facilitate space for gardens and space between dwellings. Providing a setback to at least one side boundary to maintain breaks between buildings. Providing zero side setbacks in locations where this is an existing characteristic in the area. 	Providing a setback to at least one side boundary to maintain breaks between buildings and views to rear gardens.	 Providing a setback to at least one side boundary to maintain breaks between buildings on abutting lots. Co-locating side setbacks between sites, to facilitate relief between buildings with larger footprints and provide opportunities for landscaping. 	
Forms	 Creatively responding to the building forms, proportions and rhythm of Heritage Overlay places or architectural styles identified by a Neighbourhood Character Overlay. Designing garages and carports to be set behind the buildings and integrated into the overall building design. 	Creatively responding to the building forms, proportions and rhythm of Heritage Overlay places or architectural styles identified by a Neighbourhood Character Overlay, including the design of garages and car parking.	 Creatively responding to the building forms, proportions and rhythm of existing dwellings in the street. Designing garages and carports to be set behind the buildings and integrated into the overall building design. 	Creatively responding to the building forms, proportions and rhythm of existing dwellings in the street, including the design of garages and car parking.	 Creatively responding to the forms and proportions of buildings in the street. Designing garages and carports to be set behind the buildings and integrated into the overall building design. 	 Utilising modulation to delineate individual dwellings and breal up wider building forms. Designing garages and carports to be set behind the buildings and integrated into the overall building design. Minimising the size of basement car park entries and on-site car parking areas to reduce impacts on street tree planting and footpaths, and maximise opportunities for landscaping within front setbacks. Creatively screening and integrating services and infrastructure into the building design. 	

Tract

Character Element (for A-E) or Built Form / Design Element (for F & G)	A: Garden Suburban – Minimal Change Area	B: Inner Urban – Minimal Change Area	C: Garden Suburban – Incremental Change Area 1	D: Inner Urban – Incremental Change Area 1	E: Contemporary Garden Suburban – Incremental Change Area 2	F: Urban Contemporary (3 storeys) – Substantial Change Area 1	G: Urban Contemporary (4 storeys) – Substantial Change Area 2
•	NRZ	NRZ	NRZ	NRZ	NRZ	GRZ	RGZ
Articulation and materials	 Using materials and colours that respect the identified heritage values of an area, or the character elements identified by a Neighbourhood Character Overlay. Providing front building façades that are articulated, well-proportioned, and respect the identified heritage values of an area, or the character elements identified by a Neighbourhood Character Overlay. 		 Using a mix of materials and colours that help new buildings to integrate with the style of buil in the street. Providing front building façades that are articulated, well-proportioned, and respond to the s buildings in the street. 		, ,	considered design of openings, balconies, varied materials,	
Front fencing	Responding to the predominant style and height of front fencing within the streetscape.				Responding to the predominant style and height of front fencing within the streetscape. For developments where private open space must be located within the front setback, designing front fencing and landscaping to balance privacy with contribution to the streetscape.	For developments where prival located within the front setback landscaping to balance privact streetscape.	k, designing front fencing and
Landscaping and canopy trees	Retaining existing canopy trees and providing sufficient space for the planting of new canopy trees that will extend beyond the height of buildings.	Retaining existing canopy trees and providing sufficient space in front setbacks for the planting of small trees.	Retaining existing canopy trees and providing sufficient space within front and rear gardens for the planting of new medium or large-sized canopy trees.	Retaining existing trees and providing sufficient space within front gardens for the planting of small trees.	Retaining existing canopy trees and providing sufficient space within front gardens for the planting of new medium or large-sized canopy trees. Providing opportunities for landscaping and small canopy trees within side setbacks and rear gardens.	the planting of new medium-size as high as the buildings.	ent space within front gardens for zed canopy trees that will extend dscaping and canopy trees within s where practical.

Tract

Contact Tract

Melbourne

Level 6, 6 Riverside Quay, Southbank VIC, Australia 3006 (03) 9429 6133 melbourne@tract.net.au